

**ELIZABETH II**



**FALKLAND ISLANDS**

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ALAN EDDEN HUCKLE,  
*Governor.*

**Complaints Commissioners Ordinance 2010**

(No: 4 of 2010)

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ALAN EDDEN HUCKLE,  
*Governor.*

**COMPLAINTS COMMISSIONERS ORDINANCE 2010**

(No: 4 of 2010)

*(assented to: 31 May 2010)*  
*(commencement: in accordance with section 2)*  
*(published: 31 May 2010)*

**AN ORDINANCE**

To prescribe the functions, powers and jurisdiction of Complaints Commissioners who are appointed by the Governor under section 95(1) of the Constitution to investigate complaints of maladministration in the government of the Falkland Islands or such other matters as are prescribed by Ordinance; to prescribe other matters that a Complaints Commissioner may be so appointed to investigate; to make administrative arrangements for those purposes; and for related matters

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Falkland Islands —

**PART I**  
**INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS**

**1. Title**

This Ordinance is the Complaints Commissioners Ordinance 2010.

**2. Commencement**

This Ordinance commences on a date to be fixed by the Governor by notice published in the Gazette.

### **3. Interpretation**

(1) In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —

“action” includes a failure to act;

“aggrieved person” means a member of the public who claims to have suffered injustice in consequence of —

(a) maladministration in the government of the Falkland Islands or in a body mentioned in Schedule 1; or

(b) conduct mentioned in subsection (2);

“Complaints Commissioner” and “Commissioner” mean a person whom the Governor appoints under section 95(1) of the Constitution as a Complaints Commissioner;

“conduct” means an act or an omission;

“Governor’s reference” means a reference of a matter by the Governor to a Complaints Commissioner under section 31;

“member of the public” includes a body of persons (whether incorporated or unincorporated) other than a public body;

“person” includes a body of persons (whether incorporated or unincorporated);

“Principal Complaints Commissioner” means the Commissioner whom the Governor designates under section 4 as the Principal Complaints Commissioner.

(2) In addition to complaints of maladministration, this Ordinance applies to complaints of conduct in respect of which a member of the public would reasonably feel a sense of injustice despite the fact that it does not constitute maladministration.

(3) The conduct mentioned in subsection (2) includes but is not limited to the following conduct, when it does not constitute maladministration —

(a) discourtesy;

(b) a failure to provide a service;

(c) a failure to tell a person about a legal remedy (for example, a right of appeal);

(d) a refusal to answer a question;

(e) a refusal to rectify a mistake; or

(f) unhelpfulness,

in respect of which a member of the public would reasonably feel a sense of injustice.

#### **4. Designation of Principal Complaints Commissioner**

(1) On appointing a Complaints Commissioner under section 95(1) of the Constitution the Governor, acting in his or her discretion, may for the purposes of this Ordinance designate the Commissioner as the Principal Complaints Commissioner.

(2) The Principal Complaints Commissioner has, in addition to his or her other functions as a Commissioner, the administrative functions to which this Ordinance refers.

#### **5. Allowances**

(1) A Complaints Commissioner is entitled to a daily attendance allowance, for each day on which the Commissioner is engaged in the performance of his or her functions, of such amount as the Governor sets by notice published in the Gazette.

(2) The Governor may set different daily attendance allowances for the Principal Complaints Commissioner and for other Commissioners.

(3) A Complaints Commissioner is entitled to be reimbursed his or her actual and reasonable travelling and accommodation expenses for each day on which the Commissioner is engaged in the performance of his or her functions.

(4) However, if the Governor by notice published in the Gazette sets a maximum amount or rate of travelling expenses or accommodation expenses, a Complaints Commissioner is not entitled to be reimbursed a greater amount or at a higher rate.

#### **6. Staff**

(1) The Governor may appoint a public officer or some other person to be the secretary to the Complaints Commissioners.

(2) The appointment as secretary of a person who is not a public officer shall be on such terms and conditions as the Governor determines.

(3) The Governor may appoint other public officers as staff of the Complaints Commissioners.

(4) The secretary and other members of the staff are subject to the administrative directions of and responsible to the Principal Complaints Commissioner.

#### **7. Funds**

The funds for the performance of the Complaints Commissioners' functions consist of money appropriated for the purpose by the Legislative Assembly.

**PART II**  
**FUNCTIONS AND JURISDICTION OF THE COMMISSIONERS**

**8. Additional functions of Commissioners**

(1) In addition to the function conferred on Complaints Commissioners by section 95(1) of the Constitution (the investigation of complaints of maladministration in the government of the Falkland Islands), Commissioners are to investigate —

- (a) complaints of maladministration in bodies mentioned in Schedule 1;
- (b) other complaints to which this Ordinance applies, in respect of the government of the Falkland Islands or of those other bodies; and
- (c) matters that the Governor refers to Commissioners under Part VII.

(2) The Governor may by Order amend Schedule 1 —

- (a) by adding a public body, or a body that has been granted a franchise to provide a service of a public nature; or
- (b) by deleting a body.

**9. Jurisdiction of Commissioners**

(1) The Principal Complaints Commissioner has jurisdiction to investigate any complaint, other than a complaint or class of complaint in respect of which the Governor appoints another Complaints Commissioner.

(2) A Complaints Commissioner (other than the Principal Complaints Commissioner) has jurisdiction to investigate a complaint or class of complaint in respect of which the Governor appoints the Commissioner.

(3) Any Complaints Commissioner has jurisdiction to investigate a matter that the Governor refers to the Commissioner under section 31.

**10. Limits of jurisdiction**

(1) A Complaints Commissioner does not have jurisdiction to inquire into or question any of the following matters —

- (a) the conduct of the Governor when he or she is acting otherwise than under section 66(1) of the Constitution;
- (b) conduct of a Member of the Legislative Assembly that does not relate either to standards that the Standing Orders of the Assembly require its Members to observe as holders of public office or to a matter in which the Member has a personal interest;
- (c) a matter of policy;

(d) the merits of a decision taken without maladministration by a person or body, in the exercise of a discretion vested in that person or body;

(e) a matter that is mentioned in Schedule 2; or

(f) conduct occurring before this Ordinance commences.

(2) The Governor may by Order amend Part 2 of Schedule 2.

(3) A Complaints Commissioner is not to investigate a complaint in respect of which an aggrieved person has or had —

(a) a right of appeal, reference or review to or before a tribunal constituted by or under any enactment or by virtue of Her Majesty's prerogative; or

(b) a remedy by way of proceedings in a court of law,

unless the Commissioner is satisfied that, in the particular circumstances, it is not reasonable to expect the aggrieved person to resort or have resorted to that right or remedy.

### **11. Personal interests**

(1) If any Complaints Commissioner has a personal interest in a complaint or matter that is forwarded or referred to the Commissioner, or considers that he or she may have or may reasonably be perceived as having such an interest, the Commissioner is to inform the Governor forthwith.

(2) The Commissioner may also recuse himself or herself from considering the complaint.

## **PART III MAKING A COMPLAINT**

### **12. Who may complain**

(1) A complaint may be made only by or on behalf of an aggrieved person.

(2) A complaint may be made only if the aggrieved person is resident in the Falkland Islands.

(3) In subsection (2), "resident in the Falkland Islands" means, in the case of a complainant who is not an individual, having an office in the Falkland Islands.

### **13. Internal remedies**

(1) If an internal procedure is available, an aggrieved person or the person acting on his or her behalf must take reasonable steps to obtain a remedy under the procedure before making a complaint under this Ordinance.

(2) An internal procedure is available for the purposes of this section if —

- (a) the body concerned has an internal complaints procedure for such complaints;
- (b) it has taken reasonable steps to make the availability of the procedure known to the public; and
- (c) the complainant has access to that procedure.

(3) In subsection (2), “the body concerned” means a body against which the complaint is made, or against one of whose members, officers or employees the complaint is made.

#### **14. How a complaint is made**

- (1) A complaint must be in writing.
- (2) A complainant who is an individual must ordinarily make a complaint in person.
- (3) However, if an aggrieved person is unable to act, the complaint may be made on his or her behalf by a family member; or by any other suitable individual.
- (4) A complaint by a person who is not an individual must be made on its behalf by an individual who is authorized by it to act as its representative.
- (5) A complaint is made —
  - (a) by delivering it to any Member of the Legislative Assembly, if it does not relate to a Member; or
  - (b) by delivering it to the Speaker of the Assembly, if it does relate to a Member.

#### **15. Time limit for complaint**

- (1) A complaint is not to be entertained unless it is made within three months after the day on which the aggrieved person first has notice of the matters alleged in it.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply in any of the following circumstances —
  - (a) if, in the case of a complaint that does not relate to a Member of the Legislative Assembly, the Member to whom it is delivered considers that there are special circumstances that make it proper that the complaint should be entertained;
  - (b) if, in the case of a complaint that does relate to a Member of the Legislative Assembly, the Speaker considers that there are such circumstances; and
  - (c) if, in the case of a complaint that is sent or forwarded to the Governor under section 16, he or she considers that there are such circumstances.

## **16. Forwarding the complaint**

(1) Where a Member of the Legislative Assembly or the Speaker receives a complaint under this Ordinance, he or she is to decide whether or not to forward it to the Principal Complaints Commissioner.

(2) The secretary is to send forthwith to the Governor a copy of each complaint that a Member of the Legislative Assembly forwards to the Principal Complaints Commissioner.

(3) The Clerk of the Legislative Assembly is to send forthwith to the Governor a copy of each complaint that the Speaker forwards to the Principal Complaints Commissioner.

(4) If a complaint that is delivered to a Member of the Legislative Assembly or to the Speaker is not forwarded to the Principal Complaints Commissioner within one month, and the complainant is not told within that time that it has been forwarded, the complainant may forward it to the Governor.

(5) On receiving a complaint under subsection (4) the Governor, acting in his or her discretion, is to decide whether or not to forward it to a Complaints Commissioner.

## **PART IV INVESTIGATING A COMPLAINT**

### **17. Who is to investigate a complaint**

(1) Unless the Governor gives a direction under subsection (2), a complaint is to be investigated by the Principal Complaints Commissioner.

(2) The Governor may in writing direct the Principal Complaints Commissioner that a complaint is to be investigated by another Commissioner specified in the direction.

(3) Where the Governor gives a direction under subsection (2), the secretary is to refer the complaint to that other Complaints Commissioner.

### **18. Commissioner to consider complaint**

(1) The Complaints Commissioner who is to investigate a complaint must proceed to consider it.

(2) For the purpose of deciding whether to conduct an investigation, the Commissioner may conduct such preliminary inquiries as he or she considers appropriate.

### **19. Investigation to be conducted privately**

The investigation of a complaint is to be conducted privately.

### **20. Mediation**

(1) A Complaints Commissioner may appoint a mediator, and refer a complaint to that person for mediation, if the Commissioner considers —

(a) that the complaint does not involve maladministration or other conduct to which this Ordinance applies; or

(b) that it only involves maladministration, or such other conduct, that is of a minor nature.

(2) The Complaints Commissioner is not to participate in the mediation.

(3) Participation by any person as a party in the mediation is voluntary, and no costs are payable by any of the parties.

(4) The mediator may terminate the mediation at any time.

(5) Where mediation does not resolve a complaint —

(a) the complaint is to be treated as if the Complaints Commissioner had not referred it to a mediator; and

(b) evidence of the referral to mediation or of anything admitted or said in the mediation is inadmissible in any subsequent investigation of the complaint and in any legal proceedings relating to the complaint.

## **21. Procedure**

(1) Before investigating a complaint, a Complaints Commissioner is to inform the principal officer of the department or other body concerned of the Commissioner's intention to conduct the investigation, and is to afford —

(a) the principal officer; and

(b) each person against whom the complaint is made,

an opportunity to comment on any allegations contained in the complaint.

(2) Subject to the other provisions of this Ordinance, a Complaints Commissioner may determine his or her own procedure in conducting an investigation into a complaint.

(3) In particular —

(a) a Complaints Commissioner need not hold a hearing;

(b) the Commissioner may obtain information from such persons and in such manner, as he or she thinks fit;

(c) the Commissioner may make such inquiries as he or she thinks fit; and

(d) the Commissioner may determine whether or not a person may be represented, by a legal adviser or by another person, in the investigation,

but this subsection does not limit subsection (2).

(4) If at any time during the course of an investigation, it appears to a Complaints Commissioner that there may be sufficient grounds to make a report or recommendation that may criticize or adversely affect a department or other body or person, the Commissioner is to give the department, body or person an opportunity to be heard.

## **22. Summons to witness**

(1) A Complaints Commissioner may summon a person to appear before the Commissioner and to provide information to the Commissioner, by serving on the person a summons.

(2) A summons is to be in writing in the prescribed form.

## **23. Evidence**

(1) A Complaints Commissioner who has requested or summoned a person to appear before the Commissioner may require the person to give evidence on oath or affirmation.

(2) The Complaints Commissioner or the secretary may administer the oath or take the affirmation.

## **24. Determining the complaint**

(1) On completing the investigation of a complaint, a Complaints Commissioner is to prepare a report setting out —

(a) the Commissioner's findings of fact;

(b) his or her opinion as to whether the aggrieved person has suffered injustice in consequence of maladministration or of other conduct to which this Ordinance applies; and

(c) the Commissioner's reasons for that opinion.

(2) If the aggrieved person has in the opinion of the Complaints Commissioner suffered injustice —

(a) the report is to set out the Commissioner's recommendations for the prevention of a recurrence of the injustice; and

(b) it may include a recommendation that a payment be made for any financial loss or inconvenience that the aggrieved person has suffered because of the injustice.

(3) A recommendation in a report does not bind a body to which the report relates or any other person.

**PART V**  
**REPORTING TO GOVERNOR ON A COMPLAINT**

**25. Report to Governor**

(1) On completing a report under section 24 (other than one that relates to a Member of the Legislative Assembly), a Complaints Commissioner is to submit the report to the Governor.

(2) The Complaints Commissioner is also to send a copy of the report to the principal officer of the department or other body to which the complaint relates.

**26. Consideration of report to Governor**

(1) On receiving a report under section 25(1) from a Complaints Commissioner, the Governor in consultation with the principal officer concerned is to consider whether it contains anything that, if disclosed, may damage the public interest.

(2) If the Governor considers that the report does contain material that, if disclosed, would damage the public interest, the Governor acting in his or her discretion may direct the Complaints Commissioner to remove that material from the report before it is disclosed under section 27.

(3) The Governor is to inform the Complaints Commissioner of the outcome of the consideration under this section of the report, and the Commissioner is to comply with any direction given under this section.

(4) In complying with a direction, the Complaints Commissioner is to indicate on the face of the report —

(a) the fact that material has been removed on the direction of the Governor; and

(b) the places in the report from which it has been removed.

**27. Disclosure of report made to Governor**

(1) On being informed under section 26(3) of the outcome of the consideration of the report under that section, and complying with any direction given under the section, the Complaints Commissioner is to send copies of the report to the following persons —

(a) the complainant;

(b) the Governor;

(c) the Member of the Legislative Assembly to whom the complaint was first made;

(d) the Chief Executive Officer;

(e) the principal officer of the department or other body concerned;

(f) each person against whom the complaint was made; and

(g) each person who is criticized in the report, or may be adversely affected by it.

(2) If so requested by the Member of the Legislative Assembly, the Governor is to explain to the Member the general nature of any material that has been removed and the reasons for its removal.

(3) The Complaints Commissioner may publish the report.

### **28. Response to report to Governor**

(1) If a report to the Governor under section 25(1) contains recommendations that a body to which the report relates should or should not take a course of action, a written response must be submitted to the Complaints Commissioner by whom the report was made within three months after the report is received by the body.

(2) The response is to be made —

(a) by the Governor, if the body is a department; or

(b) by the body itself, in any other case.

(3) The response is to state —

(a) which recommendations are accepted;

(b) which recommendations are not accepted; and

(c) if a recommendation to take a course of action is accepted, how it is intended to take that course of action.

## **PART VI REPORTING TO SPEAKER ON A COMPLAINT**

### **29. Report to Speaker**

(1) On completing a report under section 24 that relates to a Member of the Legislative Assembly, a Complaints Commissioner is to submit the report to the Speaker.

(2) The Complaints Commissioner is also to send copies of the report to —

(a) the complainant;

(b) the Governor;

(c) the Member of the Legislative Assembly to whom the complaint relates; and

(d) the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

**30. Consideration of report made to Speaker**

A report that is received under section 29(1) by the Speaker is to be dealt with in accordance with the Standing Orders of the Legislative Assembly.

**PART VII  
REFERENCES BY THE GOVERNOR**

**31. Governor may refer matter to Commissioner**

The Governor, acting in his or her discretion or on the advice of the Executive Council, may refer to a Complaints Commissioner —

(a) any question of maladministration in the government of the Falkland Islands or in a body mentioned in Schedule 1;

(b) any conduct mentioned in section 3(2); or

(c) any other matter that the Governor, so acting, thinks fit to refer to a Commissioner

**32. Commissioner to investigate and report to Governor**

A Complaints Commissioner to whom the Governor refers a matter under section 31 is to investigate and report to the Governor on the matter.

**33. Commissioner's powers on Governor's reference**

For the purposes of investigating and reporting on a Governor's reference —

(a) a Complaints Commissioner may conduct the investigation privately, and must do so if the Governor directs; and

(b) the Commissioner and the secretary have the same powers as they have under subsections (2) and (3) of section 21, section 22 and section 23.

**34. Persons who must be told of investigation**

(1) If at any time during the course of an investigation of a Governor's reference, it appears to the Complaints Commissioner who is conducting the investigation that there may be sufficient grounds to make a report or recommendation that may criticize or adversely affect a department or other body or person, the Commissioner is to give the department, body or person an opportunity to be heard.

(2) If a person is criticized in or may be adversely affected by a report by a Complaints Commissioner on a Governor's reference, the Commissioner is to give a copy of the report to the person.

**PART VIII  
OTHER PROVISIONS**

**35. Witnesses' expenses**

(1) A person whom a Complaints Commissioner requests or summons to appear before the Commissioner is entitled to be reimbursed his or her actual and reasonable travelling and accommodation expenses of doing so.

(2) However, if the Governor by notice published in the Gazette sets a maximum amount or rate of travelling expenses or accommodation expenses, the person is not entitled to be reimbursed a greater amount or at a higher rate.

**36. Duty of non-disclosure**

(1) Information obtained by a Complaints Commissioner or any member of the staff of the Commissioners in the course of or for the purposes of an investigation under this Ordinance, is not to be disclosed except for the purposes of —

(a) the investigation and of any report to be made under this Ordinance in respect of the investigation; or

(b) any proceedings under this Ordinance.

(2) A Complaints Commissioner or member of the staff of the Commissioners cannot be called to give evidence in any proceedings (other than under this Ordinance) of matters coming to his or her knowledge in the course of an investigation under this Ordinance.

**37. Privilege**

For the purposes of the law of defamation, publication in any of the following circumstances is absolutely privileged —

(a) the publication by a Complaints Commissioner of a report under this Ordinance, or of any other matter by the Commissioner in making a report under this Ordinance;

(b) the publication for the purposes of this Ordinance of any matter by the Governor, a Member of the Legislative Assembly or the Speaker in communicating with a Commissioner or any member of the staff of the Commissioners; and

(c) the publication for the purposes of this Ordinance of any matter by a Commissioner, or by any member of the staff of the Commissioners, in communicating with the Governor, a Member of the Legislative Assembly or the Speaker.

**38. Annual report to Assembly**

(1) The Principal Complaints Commissioner is to provide to the Governor, before 31<sup>st</sup> March in each year, a report on the performance by the Complaints Commissioners of their functions in the preceding year.

(2) The Governor is to lay the report before the Legislative Assembly within 3 months after receiving it.

### **39. Civil offences**

(1) If a person, in giving evidence to a Complaints Commissioner (whether or not on oath) knowingly or recklessly makes a statement that is false in a material particular, he or she is liable to a fine determined by a Commissioner in accordance with section 41.

(2) If a person —

(a) without lawful excuse obstructs a Complaints Commissioner in the performance of his or her functions under this Ordinance; or

(b) without lawful excuse obstructs any member of the staff of the Commissioners in the performance of his or her functions under this Ordinance,

he or she is liable to a fine determined by a Commissioner in accordance with section 41.

(3) If, without reasonable excuse, a person on whom a summons is served under this Ordinance —

(a) fails to appear before the Complaints Commissioner concerned, on the day and at the time and place specified in the summons; or

(b) fails to produce to the Commissioner on that day, and at that time and place, any document or publication that the summons requires the person to produce to the Commissioner,

the person is liable to a fine determined by a Commissioner in accordance with section 41.

(4) If a person, without reasonable excuse —

(a) on being required by a Complaints Commissioner to take an oath, refuses to do so or to make an affirmation instead of taking an oath; or

(b) refuses to answer any lawful and relevant question that is put by the Commissioner,

the person is liable to a fine determined by a Commissioner in accordance with section 41.

(5) This section does not require a person —

(a) to produce to a Complaints Commissioner any document or publication in respect of which a certificate is issued under section 43; or

(b) to produce to a Commissioner any document or publication of the Executive Council.

#### **40. Contempt**

If a person without lawful excuse commits any act, or makes any omission, in relation to an investigation under this Ordinance that, if the investigation were a proceeding in the Supreme Court, would constitute contempt of court, the person is liable to a fine determined by a Complaints Commissioner in accordance with section 41.

#### **41. Power of Commissioner to impose civil fine**

(1) If the Attorney General refers the matter to a Complaints Commissioner, the Commissioner may impose a fine, not exceeding the prescribed maximum fine, on a person who is liable to a fine under either of sections 39 and 40.

(2) The fine is recoverable by civil action in the Supreme Court at the suit of the Attorney General.

#### **42. Service on Governor's staff and British forces**

(1) If a Complaints Commissioner wishes to request or summon a member of the Governor's staff to attend before the Commissioner, the request or summons is to be delivered to the office of the Governor.

(2) If a Complaints Commissioner wishes to request or summon a member of Her Majesty's forces or of the civilian component of any of those forces to attend before the Commissioner, the request or summons is to be delivered to the headquarters of the Commander British Forces.

(3) A summons to which either of subsections (1) and (2) refers is served on the person to whom it is addressed when it is delivered in accordance with that subsection.

#### **43. Public interest certificates**

(1) The Governor, acting in his or her discretion, may certify in writing for the purposes of this Ordinance that —

- (a) the production of a specified document or publication to a Complaints Commissioner; or
- (b) the provision of any specified information to a Commissioner,

is not in the public interest.

(2) The Governor, acting in his or her discretion, may certify in writing for the purposes of this Ordinance that the public disclosure of any specified evidence is not in the public interest.

#### **44. Orders**

The Governor may make Orders for any of the following purposes —

- (a) prescribing the form of a summons to appear before a Complaints Commissioner;
- (b) prescribing procedures to be followed in the investigation of complaints; and

(c) prescribing the maximum fine that a Commissioner may impose under section 41.

## **SCHEDULE 1**

(section 8)

### **BODIES IN RESPECT OF WHICH COMPLAINTS MAY BE INVESTIGATED**

1. Falkland Islands Development Corporation
2. Falklands Landholdings Corporation
3. Falkland Islands Meat Company Limited
4. Falkland Islands Tourist Board
5. Falkland Islands Museum and National Trust
6. Media Trust.

## **SCHEDULE 2**

(section 10)

### **MATTERS IN WHICH COMPLAINTS COMMISSIONERS DO NOT HAVE JURISDICTION**

#### **PART 1**

1. Any complaint in respect of which the Governor, acting in his or her discretion, certifies that it is not in the public interest that a Complaints Commissioner should investigate the matter.
2. The grant by the Crown of honours, awards or privileges.
3. The proceedings and deliberations of the Legislative Assembly.
4. The content of legislation.
5. The proceedings and deliberations of the Executive Council.
6. The conduct of a member of the judiciary.
7. The conduct of the Attorney General in respect of his or her powers under section 72 of the Constitution.
8. The conduct by any person or authority of an audit pursuant to section 80(1) of the Constitution.

#### **PART 2**

9. The conduct of any person (other than a member of the judiciary) while acting in a judicial capacity.
10. The commencement or conduct of civil or criminal proceedings before any court of law or civil or military tribunal.

11. The exercise of any function under section 71(1) of the Constitution.
12. The investigation of crime.
13. Action relating to extradition or to fugitive offenders.
14. The conduct of a police officer (other than the Chief of Police).
15. The defence and the security of the Falkland Islands.
16. The conduct of the Commander British Forces or of any other member of Her Majesty's forces.
17. The conduct of any member of the civilian component of Her Majesty's forces in the course of his or her employment.
18. Passports.
19. The conduct of an employee of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office who is a member of the Governor's staff.
20. Any matter relating to the appointment, remuneration, pension, discipline, redundancy of office, suspension, or dismissal or terms of service of an officer or employee of the Government or of any body mentioned in Schedule 1.
21. Any contractual or commercial transaction.

Passed by the Legislature of the Falkland Islands on 28 May 2010.

C. PRIOR M.B.E.,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.*

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Assembly and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

C. PRIOR M.B.E.,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.*